

Annex 3: Framework for reporting identified practices

	Section	Indication of Content
1	Title of the practice	Financing and legal framework in Bulgaria
2	Precise theme/ issue tackled by the practice	Financing and legal framework in Bulgaria
3	Objectives of the practice	<p>To identify:</p> <p>What national legislation is there on risk mitigation?</p> <p>Which public institutions have what responsibilities and what mandates? (in mitigation)</p> <p>What are the legal responsibilities of private companies and civil society?</p> <p>What different budgets can you define in relation to mitigation (public and private)?</p> <p>What is the estimated amount of these budgets?</p> <p>Who decides on these budgets?</p> <p>Best practice(s) on finding financing from other institutions</p> <p>Best practice(s) on Public Private Partnership (PPP) for financing mitigation</p> <p>Best practices on making use of legal mandates of other public institutions</p>
4	Location	Bulgaria – national level
5	Detailed description of the practice	<p>The main Act in Bulgaria about risk mitigation – The Law on Disaster Protection.</p> <p>Ministry of the Interior develops the National Plan for Disaster Protection together with representatives of ministries, agencies, Bulgarian Red Cross and local authorities.</p> <p>The mayor of the municipality develops the municipal plan for disaster protection together with representatives of agencies and entities involved in disaster protection in the municipality.</p> <p>Coordination of the components of the single rescue system is implemented through operational centers of the General Directorate "Fire Safety and Protection of Population" – part of Ministry of the Interior.</p> <p>Legal persons and sole proprietors, owners and users active in the sites of buildings according to the Territorial Planning Act, which represent a risk for the occurrence of a disaster emergency plan developed site</p> <p>Annual plans are adopted for the implementation the National Programme for Disaster Protection. Financing the activities of the annual plans is done within the budget approved by the competent authorities and other funding sources.</p> <p>Interministerial Commission for Reconstruction and Assistance (at Council of Ministers)</p>

		<p>➤ Responsible for managing and coordinating the activities for ensuring direct funding for:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Prevention activities within the National programme 2. Contingency expenses for rescue and emergency work during disasters 3. Urgent rehabilitation works; 4. Provision of rehabilitation services; 5. Executing the decisions of the commission; 6. Investigating complaints and reports; 7. Compensation for physical and juridical persons, who were cause harm during activities for disaster protection <p>Budgets for prevention and mitigation the effects of natural disasters and major industrial accidents have to be approved by the State Budget through Ministry of finance - year for the year. These funds include:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Rescue and emergency operations in case of disasters, accidents and catastrophes; 2. Construction of engineering structures in order to prevent imminent danger to human life; 3. Structural reinforcement of buildings and facilities, state or municipal property affected by disasters, accidents or catastrophes and certificated as potentially dangerous, with bans or restrictions on use; 4. Construction materials and services to restore affected buildings 5. Increasing the preparation to prevent and mitigate the consequences of disasters, accidents and catastrophes; 6. Other activities and procedures specified by the law.
6	Evaluation	The evaluation was done on the basics of comparison between the different national legislations and how they are applied. We came up with proposals for improvements and actions we can take upon.
7	Lessons learnt from the practice	The main lessons learnt were that there're a lot of instruments and recourses in the national legislation that can be used, but there are also a lot of complications and there are many simplifications that could be made in the administrative procedures.
8	Contact information	Website: http://www.government.bg/
9	Other possible interesting information	http://www.redcross-eu.net/en/Red-Cross-EU-Office/EU-NATIONAL-RED-CROSS-SOCIETIES/Bulgarian-Red-Cross/